Amendments To The Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

In the Claims:

What is claimed is:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) at least one orb family inhibitor a compound of formula (I)

or a salt, solvate, physiologically functional derivative thereof;

wherein

Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²;

R¹ represents a group CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar-, wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which may optionally be substituted by one or two halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy groups;

R² is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylamino and di[C₁₋₄ alkyl]amino;

U represents a phenyl, pyridyl, 3H-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, 1H-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-indazolyl, 1H-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-benzimidazolyl or 1H-benzotriazolyl group, substituted by an R³ group and optionally substituted by at least one independently selected R⁴ group;

R³ is selected from a group comprising benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyloxy and benzenesulphonyl;

or R³ represents trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy;

or R³ represents a group of formula

wherein each R⁵ is independently selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₁₋₄ alkoxy; and n is 0 to 3;

each R^4 is independently hydroxy, halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino, C_{1-4} alkylthio, C_{1-4} alkylsulphinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, $N-(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $N,N-di(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, cyano, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and (ii) at least one Raf and/or ras inhibitor.

Claim 2 (Cancelled):

Claim 3 (Original): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (I)

or a salt, solvate, physiologically functional derivative thereof;

wherein

Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²;

R¹ represents a group CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar-, wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which may optionally be substituted by one or two halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy groups;

R² is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylamino and di[C₁₋₄ alkyl]amino;

U represents a phenyl, pyridyl, 3<u>H</u>-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, 1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl or 1<u>H</u>-benzotriazolyl group, substituted by an R³ group and optionally substituted by at least one independently selected R⁴ group;

R³ is selected from a group comprising benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyloxy and benzenesulphonyl;

or R³ represents trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy;

or R³ represents a group of formula

wherein each R^5 is independently selected from halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl and C_{1-4} alkoxy; and n is 0 to 3;

each R^4 is independently hydroxy, halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino, C_{1-4} alkylthio, C_{1-4} alkylsulphinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, $N-(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $N,N-di(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, cyano, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and

(ii) a cRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claim 4 (Original): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (II):

and salt or solvates thereof, wherein R is -Cl or -Br, X is CH, N, or CF, and Z is thiazole or furan; and

(ii) a cRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claim 5 (Original): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (III):

and salts or solvates thereof; and

(ii) a cRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) at least one erb family inhibitor a compound of formula (I)

or a salt, solvate, physiologically functional derivative thereof;

<u>wherein</u>

Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²;

R¹ represents a group CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar-, wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which may optionally be substituted by one or two halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy groups;

R² is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylamino and di[C₁₋₄ alkyl]amino;

U represents a phenyl, pyridyl, 3H-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, 1H-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-indazolyl, 1H-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-benzimidazolyl or 1H-benzotriazolyl group, substituted by an R³ group and optionally substituted by at least one independently selected R⁴ group;

R³ is selected from a group comprising benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyloxy and benzenesulphonyl;

or R³ represents trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy;

or R³ represents a group of formula

wherein each R⁵ is independently selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₁₋₄ alkoxy; and n is 0 to 3;

each R^4 is independently hydroxy, halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino, C_{1-4} alkylthio, C_{1-4} alkylsulphinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, C_{1-4} alkyl)carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkyl)carbamoyl, cyano, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and

(ii) at least one Raf and/or ras inhibitor.

Claim 7 (Cancelled):

Claim 8 (Original): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (I)

or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof;

wherein

Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²; R¹ represents a group CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar-, wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which may optionally be substituted by one or two halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy groups;

 R^2 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkylamino and di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino;

U represents a phenyl, pyridyl, 3<u>H</u>-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, 1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl or 1<u>H</u>-benzotriazolyl group, substituted by an R³ group and optionally substituted by at least one independently selected R⁴ group;

R³ is selected from a group comprising benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyloxy and benzenesulphonyl;

or R³ represents trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy;

or R3 represents a group of formula

wherein each R⁵ is independently selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₁₋₄ alkoxy; and n is 0 to 3;

each R^4 is independently hydroxy, halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino, C_{1-4} alkylthio, C_{1-4} alkylsulphinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, $N-(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $N,N-di(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, cyano, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and

(ii) a cRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claim 9 (Original): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (II):

and salt or solvates thereof, wherein R is -Cl or -Br, X is CH , N, or CF, and Z is thiazole or furan; and

(ii) a cRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claim 10 (Original): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (III):

and salts or solvates thereof; and

(ii) a cRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claims 11-15 (Cancelled):

Claim 16 (Original): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (I)

or a salt, solvate, physiologically functional derivative thereof;

wherein

Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²;

R¹ represents a group CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar-, wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which may optionally be substituted by one or two halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy groups;

R² is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylamino and di[C₁₋₄ alkyl]amino;

U represents a phenyl, pyridyl, 3<u>H</u>-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, 1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl or 1<u>H</u>-benzotriazolyl group, substituted by an R³ group and optionally substituted by at least one independently selected R⁴ group;

R³ is selected from a group comprising benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyloxy and benzenesulphonyl;

or R³ represents trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy;

or R³ represents a group of formula

wherein each R⁵ is independently selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₁₋₄ alkoxy; and n is 0 to 3;

each R^4 is independently hydroxy, halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino, C_{1-4} alkylthio, C_{1-4} alkylsulphinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, $N-(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $N,N-di(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, cyano, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and

(ii) a bRaf inhibitor.

Claim 17 (Original): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (II):

and salt or solvates thereof, wherein R is -Cl or -Br, X is CH, N, or CF, and Z is thiazole or furan; and

(ii) a bRaf inhibitor.

Claim 18 (Original): A method of treating a susceptible cancer in a mammal, comprising: administering to said mammal therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (III):

and salts or solvates thereof; and (ii) a bRaf inhibitor.

Claim 19 (Cancelled):

Claim 20 (Original): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (I)

or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof;

wherein

Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²;

R¹ represents a group CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar-, wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which may optionally be substituted by one or two halo, C₁-₄ alkyl or C₁-₄ alkoxy groups;

 R^2 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkylamino and di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino;

U represents a phenyl, pyridyl, 3<u>H</u>-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, 1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1<u>H</u>-indazolyl, 1<u>H</u>-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-

dihydro-1 \underline{H} -benzimidazolyl or 1 \underline{H} -benzotriazolyl group, substituted by an R³ group and optionally substituted by at least one independently selected R⁴ group;

R³ is selected from a group comprising benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyloxy and benzenesulphonyl;

or R³ represents trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy;

or R3 represents a group of formula

wherein each R⁵ is independently selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₁₋₄ alkoxy; and n is 0 to 3;

each R^4 is independently hydroxy, halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di[C_{1-4} alkyl]amino, C_{1-4} alkylthio, C_{1-4} alkylsulphinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, $N-(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $N,N-di(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, cyano, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and

(ii) a bRaf inhibitor.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (II):

and salt or solvates thereof, wherein R is -Cl or -Br, X is CH , N, or CF, and Z is thiazole or furan; and

(ii) a bRaf bRaf-1 inhibitor.

Claim 22 (Original): A cancer treatment combination, comprising: therapeutically effective amounts of (i) a compound of formula (III):

and salts or solvates thereof; and

(ii) a bRaf inhibitor.

Claims 23-24 (Cancelled):

Claim 25 (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the monohydrate ditosylate salt of

Claim 26 (New): The cancer treatment combination of claim 6, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the monohydrate ditosylate salt of

Claim 27 (New): The method of claim 3, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the monohydrate ditosylate salt of

Claim 28 (New): The cancer treatment combination of claim 8, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the monohydrate ditosylate salt of

Claim 29 (New): The method of claim 16, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the monohydrate ditosylate salt of

Claim 30 (New): The method of claim 20, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the monohydrate ditosylate salt of